

# Troubleshooting Db2 Slowdown

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Db2 Support

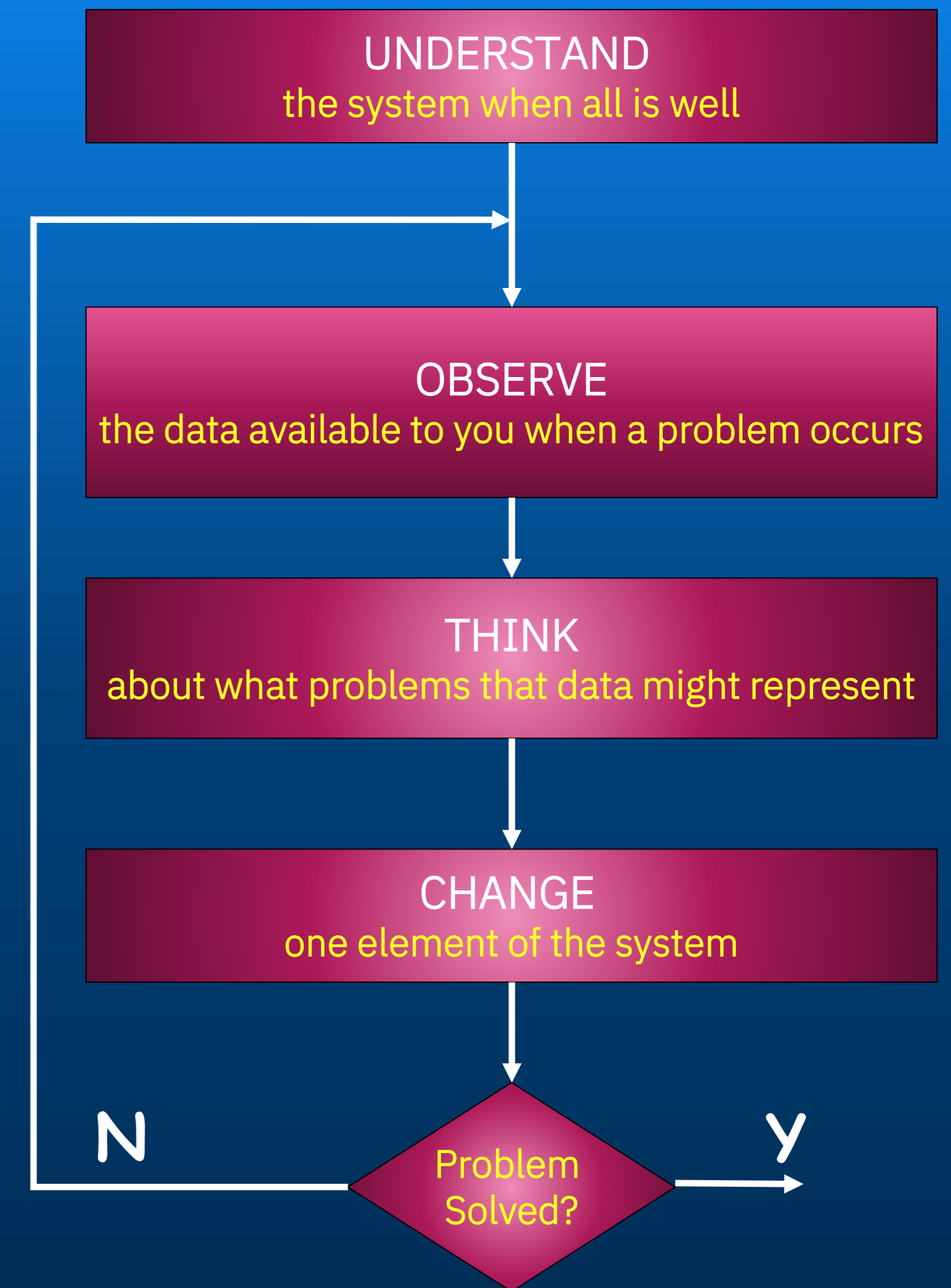
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# Agenda

- Introduction
- Data Collection Tools
- Common Bufferpool Latches
- Case Study - Select workload scalability

# What is Performance?

- ❑ Performance is often evaluated by comparing its speed or efficiency against a previously tested or benchmarked runtime reference.
- ❑ We call something slow when we know it's running faster in another place or in another context.
- ❑ Tuning Technique: Methodical 'decision tree' approach



# Data Collection Tools

❑ **DB2MON** - Uses Db2 *lightweight in-memory monitoring interfaces* ("MON\_GET\_\*") to collect monitoring data for a specific period.

```
~/sql1lib/samples/perf/db2mon.sh DBNAME <Interval> >> db2mon.out
```

❑ **DMCTOP** - It works in a text-only environment. Monitoring is accomplished by using MON\_GET\_\* table functions.

❑ **DB2PD** - It returns quick and immediate information from Db2 memory sets. It gathers information without acquiring latches or using engine resources.

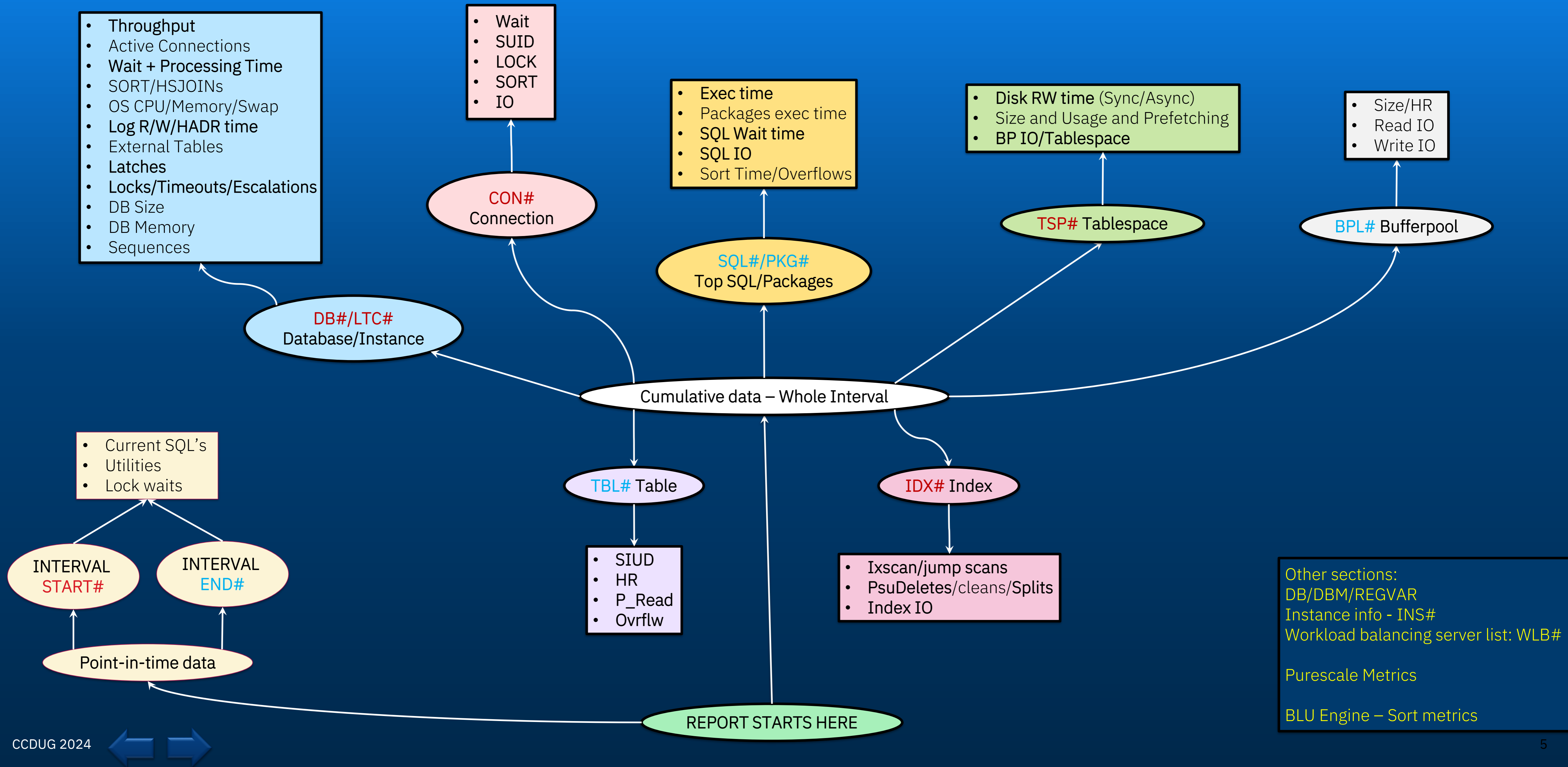
❑ **EXPLAIN PLAN** - Optimizer query execution plan

```
SELECT COORD_PARTITION_NUM, EXECUTABLE_ID, STMT_TEXT FROM TABLE(MON_GET_ACTIVITY(NULL, -2))
WHERE MEMBER=COORD_PARTITION_NUM
AND SUBSTR(STMT_TEXT, 1, 50) LIKE '%INSERT INTO DETAIL_SUPPORT%'
OR APPLICATION_HANDLE = 1234
```

```
CALL EXPLAIN_FROM_SECTION(EXECUTABLE_ID, 'M', NULL, COORD_PARTITION_NUM, NULL, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?)
```

```
db2exfmt -d DBNAME -1 -o query.exfmt
```

# Db2mon





# Common Bufferpool Latches

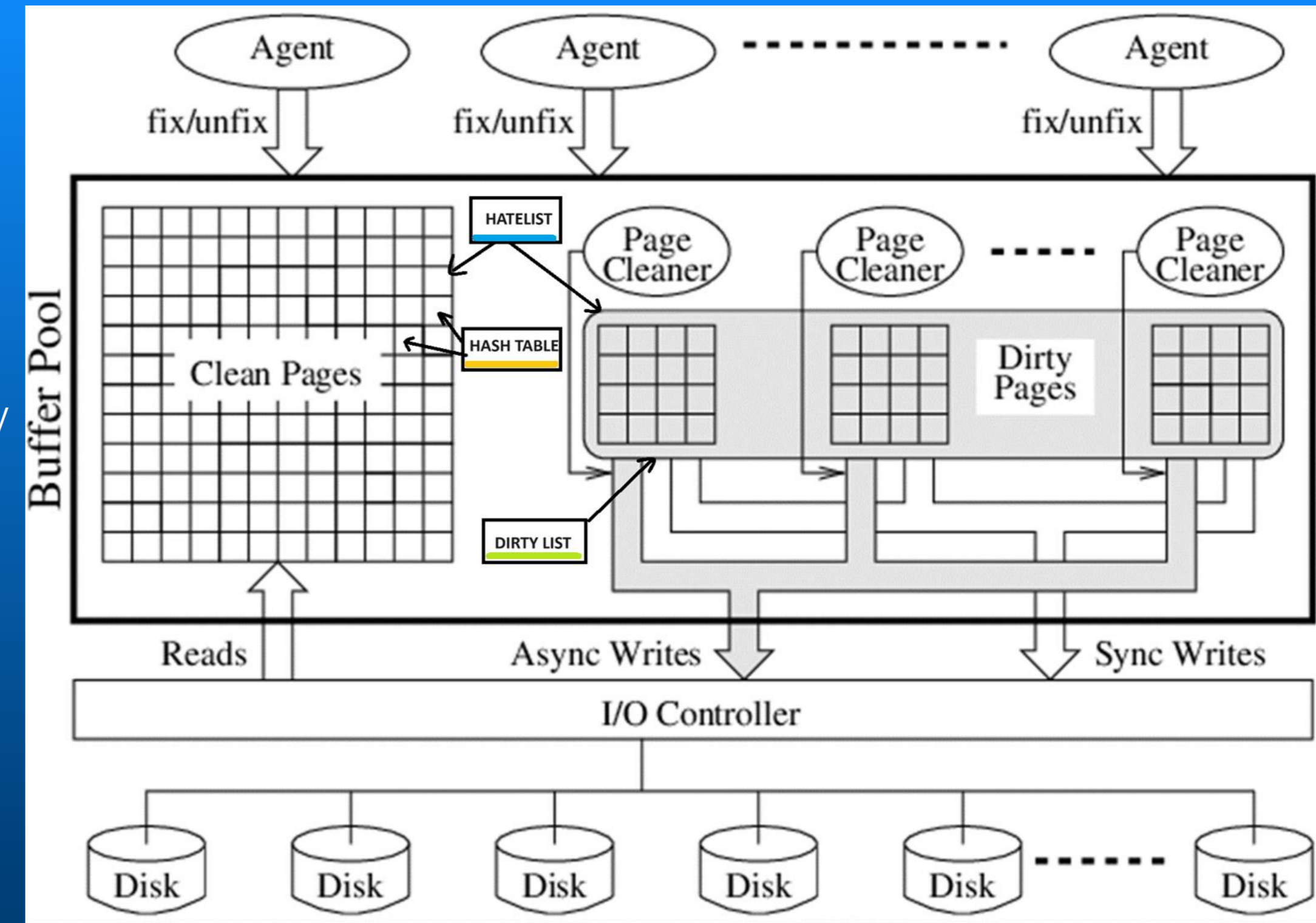
- ❑ Internal DB2 locks used to serialize access to shared data structures.
- ❑ They ensure only one EDU can modify a data structure at a time.
- ❑ Frequent heavy usage of a shared resource leads to latch contention, possibly increasing CPU usage.

## Read/Write pages

- `SQLQ_LT_SQLB_HASH_BUCKET_GROUP_HEADER__groupLatch`  
Latch is held While searching the hash bucket for a specific page.
- `SQLQ_LT_SQLB_BPD__bpdLatch_SX`  
While doing physical read/write of page in/from bufferpool and for fix/unfix.

## Dirty List

- `SQLQ_LT_SQLB_DIRTY_LIST_SET__appendLatch`  
Add/Remove pages to/from dirty list. Ex – Delete pages from dirty list when object is dropped example temp table.
- `SQLQ_LT_SQLB_DIRTY_LIST_SET__walkLatch`  
Contention on this latch suggests many dirty pages. This could be due to obstacles preventing the pages from being written out, or repeated operations requiring bufferpool scans to evict pages (Often caused by creating/dropping DGTs, requiring page eviction from DIRTYLIST).



## Victimization

- `SQLQ_LT_SQLB_HATELIST_SET__hateLatch`  
Hatelist is updated based on fix/unfix and when objects are dropped pages needs to be removed from hate list. Ex drop temp tables.
- `SQLQ_LT_SQLB_BP_AREA_INFO_pageArea__clockLatch`  
Contention on this latch suggest a high victim demand (new pages being brought into the bufferpool), which suggests a combination of too-small-bufferpool and/or bad workload (e.g. tablescans, Sort spill → Temp tables).



# Case Study - Select workload scalability

- ❑ Workload: Simple query with join with 3 tables.
- ❑ Java program to scale the workload with X threads
- ❑ 1 Thread – Query completes in 3-4 seconds (within SLA)

```
TABLE T1(IND CHAR, IS_ON BOOLEAN, EXP_DATE DATE)
TABLE T2(PRODUCER_ID CHAR(20), MBR_ID CHAR(20), PHONENO CHAR(20), IND CHAR, IS_ON BOOLEAN, EXP_DATE DATE)
TABLE T3(PRODUCER_ID CHAR(20), MBR_ID CHAR(20), EXP_DATE DATE)
```

```
SELECT *
FROM
( SELECT T2.*, T3.PRODUCER_ID AS PID
  FROM T1 T1, T2 T2
  LEFT OUTER JOIN T3 T3
  ON T3.MBR_ID = T2.MBR_ID
  AND T3.EXP_DATE = T2.EXP_DATE
  WHERE T1.IS_ON = 1
     AND T2.IND = COALESCE(T1.IND, '')
  ORDER BY T2.EXP_DATE, T3.PRODUCER_ID, T2.PRODUCER_ID
) AS T1
WHERE COALESCE(T1.PRODUCER_ID,T1.PID) = ?
ORDER BY 1,2
```

```

Rows
RETURN
( 1)
Cost
I/O
|
360000
TBSCAN
( 2)
239631
76247.1
|
360000
SORT
( 3)
237161
73611.1
|
360000
NLJOIN
( 4)
219139
70975.1
-----\
120000      3
TBSCAN      TBSCAN
( 5)        ( 15)
218863      6.88963
70974.1      1
|            |
120000      12
SORT        TABLE: DB2INST1
( 6)        T1
217664      Q4
69691.6
|
120000
FILTER
( 7)
208905
68409.1
|
3e+06
>MSJOIN
( 8)
208779
68409.1
-----\
3e+06      0.233333
TBSCAN      FILTER
( 9)        ( 12)
200715      7965.93
62774       5635.1
|            |
3e+06      700000
SORT        FETCH
( 10)       ( 13)
178384      7965.93
38964       5635.1
|            -----\
3e+06      700000      700000
TBSCAN      IXSCAN      TABLE: DB2INST1
( 11)       ( 14)        T3
15417       5167.75      Q1
15154       3186.95
|            |
3e+06      700000
TABLE: DB2INST1 INDEX: DB2INST1
T3          XT3
Q2          Q1

```





# Scaling to 30 Threads - Analysis

```

DB#THRUP
TS_DELTA ACT_PER_S ROWS_MOD_P_S P_RD_PER_S
-----
          31         2.3      3021999.2    36049.4

DB#CLACT
ACTIVE_CLIENTS ACTIVE_RQ_PER_S ACTIVE_CIWT_RQ_RATIO
-----
          32         10.87             0.04

DB#TIMEB
TOTAL_RQST_TM PCT_SECTION PCT_SORT
-----
      909516      99.77      75.04

DB#WAITT
TOTAL_RQST_TM TOTAL_WAIT_TM PCT_RQST_WAIT PCT_LTCH PCT_PFTCH PCT_POOL_R
-----
      909516      474607         52.18    33.76    6.68    9.11

DB#SORT
TOTAL_SORTS SORT_OVERFLOWS SORT_SHRHEAP_ALLOCATED
-----
          75             15             4846
    
```

```

SQL#TOPEXECT
NUM_EXEC   AVG_COORD_EXEC_TIME PCT_WAIT_TIME  STMT_TEXT
-----
          14         47258.07         49.12 /*STMTWATCHER-2024

SQL#TOPWAITT
PCT_WAIT PCT_LTCH PCT_PFTCH PCT_POOL_R STMT_TEXT
-----
    49.12   28.27    7.97    8.87 /*STMTWATCHER-2024

SQL#TOPIOSTA
AVG_D_PRD   AVG_I_PRD   AVG_TD_PRD   STMT_TEXT
-----
    1970.0    952.8    43866.0 /*STMTWAT

SQL#TOPROWS
AVG_ROWS_MOD   AVG_ROWS_READ   AVG_ROWS_RET   STMT_TEXT
-----
    5357142.8    9057154.8         2.0 /*STMTWATCHER

SQL#TOPSORT
PCT_SORT_TIME   AVG_TOT_SORTS   AVG_SORT_OVFLWS   ACTIVE_SORTS_TOP   STMT_TEXT
-----
        71.82         3.0         1.0             2 /*STMTWATCH
    
```



# Scaling to 30 Threads – Analysis cont.

```
TBL#ROWMC
TABNAME  TBSP_ID  ROWS_READ  OBJ_DATA_P_RDS
-----
T2        3  24029976    1809
T3        3  16527048    32703

IDX#READS
TABNAME  INDNAME  L_READS  P_READS
-----
T3       XT3      81038    19908
```

```
BPL#STATS
TBSP_NAME  DATA_L_READS  DATA_P_READS  SYNC_DATA_P_READS  INDEX_L_READS  INDEX_P_READS
-----
XTS16K     12843887       74323          49633              152296         79708
TEMPSPACE1 9650146        1826218        1124845             0              0

BP_NAME    ROW_DATA_LBP_HITRATIO  INDEX_LBP_HITRATIO
-----
XBP16K     99.61                 78.96
IBMDEFAULTBP 88.35                 92.26
```

```
TSP#DSKIOSYNC
TBSP_NAME  NUM_READS  AVG_SYNC_READ_TIME  NUM_WRITES  AVG_SYNC_WRITE_TIME
-----
TEMPSPACE1 1124845    0.00                49749       0.37
XTS16K     81758     1.27                0           -

LTC#WAITT
LATCH_NAME                                TOT_EXT_LATCH_WAIT_TIME_MS  TOT_EXT_LATCH_WAITS  TIME_PER_LATCH_WAIT_MS
-----
SQLO_LT_SQLB_HASH_BUCKET_GROUP_HEADER_groupLatch 270905 4655 58.19
SQLO_LT_SQLB_BP_AREA_INFO_pageArea_clockLatch 71065 35106 2.02
SQLO_LT_SQLB_BPD_bpdLatch_SX 8884 3847 2.30
SQLO_LT_SQLB_DIRTY_LIST_SET_walkLatch 8122 3374 2.40
SQLO_LT_SQLB_DIRTY_LIST_SET_appendLatch 5082 2690 1.88
SQLO_LT_SQLB_HATELIST_SET_hateLatch 398 174 2.28
```

```

3e+06
>MSJOIN
( 8)
208779
68409.1

/-----\
3e+06 0.233333
TBSCAN FILTER
( 9) ( 12)
200715 7965.93
62774 5635.1
|
3e+06 700000
SORT FETCH
( 10) ( 13)
178384 7965.93
38964 5635.1
|
3e+06 700000 700000
TBSCAN IXSCAN TABLE: DB2INST1
( 11) ( 14) T3
15417 5167.75 Q1
15154 3186.95
|
3e+06 700000
TABLE: DB2INST1 INDEX: DB2INST1
T2 XT3
Q2 Q1
```

# Change\_1: Increase Sortheap

```
CFG#DB:
NAME           CURRENT_VALUE
-----
sheapthres_shr 5000
sortheap       500
```

db2 UPDATE DB CFG FOR CCDUG USING SHEAPTHRES\_SHR 50000 SORTHEAP 5000 IMMEDIATE

```
db2inst1@IBM-PW03R8VZ:~/CCDUG$ java stmtwatcher
SQL: /*STMTWATCHER-2024-03-08-18.04.08.333*/ select * from ( select t2.*,T3.PRODUCER ID as PID from t1 t1, t2 t2 LEFT OUTER JOIN t3 t3 ON t3.MBR_ID = T2.MBR_ID and T3.EXP_DATE = T2.EXP_DATE where t1.IS_ON = 1 AND (t2.IND = COALESCE(t1.IND, '')) ORDER BY T2.EXP_DATE, T3.PRODUCER_ID, T2.PRODUCER_ID ) as T1 where (COALESCE(T1.PRODUCER_ID, T1.PID) = ? ) ORDER BY 1,2
num of parameters = 1
param[0]: PRODUCER_ID1001047
Number of threads = 30
Serial execution time 952 millisecs
Plan id = -7722274454911209402
```

db2 "call explain\_from\_section(x'0100000000000000010000000000000000000000000000000020020240308180408539079', 'M', null, -1, '', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?')"; db2exfmt -d CCDUG -1 > STMTWATCHER-2024-03-08-18.04.08.333.exfmt

msec	#execs	#latchwaits	latchwaittime	Cord_msec/exec	Act_msec/exec	waittm/exec	%processing
6	1	0	0	922.000	922.000	0.059	94.143
15009	30	454	5901	9382.700	9382.700	0.043	95.690
5003	2	28	106	7706.000	7706.000	0.030	97.002
5003	28	366	959	8571.107	8571.107	0.023	97.652
5004	11	194	246	8159.455	8159.455	0.040	95.996
5005	30	1345	2203	7438.067	7438.067	0.051	94.905
5005	26	3350	7905	6269.077	6269.077	0.274	72.618
5005	25	2663	6437	5564.600	5564.600	0.202	79.787
5006	30	3023	11191	5264.667	5264.667	0.159	84.112

```
Rows
RETURN
( 1)
Cost
I/O
|
360000
TBSCAN
( 2)
155897
NA
|
360000
SORT
( 3)
155893
NA
|
360000
NLJOIN
( 4)
155810
NA
/-----\
120000          3
TBSCAN          TBSCAN
( 5)           ( 11)
155534          6.88963
NA             NA
|             |
120000          12
SORT           TABLE: DB2INST1
( 6)           T1
155533          Q4
NA
|
120000
FILTER
( 7)
155505
NA
|
3e+06
>HSJOIN
( 8)
155379
NA
/-----+-----\
3e+06          700000
TBSCAN          TBSCAN
( 9)           ( 10)
15417          2507.18
NA             NA
|             |
3e+06          700000
TABLE: DB2INST1 TABLE: DB2INST1
T2             T3
Q2             Q1
```

# Change\_1\_Sortheap: Analysis

```

DB#THRUP
ACT_PER_S    ROWS_MOD_P_S P_RD_PER_S
-----
          5.2      50883.9    33332.7

DB#PROCT
PCT_SECT_PROC PCT_SECT_SORT_PROC
-----
          69.77          0.00

DB#WAITT
PCT_RQST_WAIT PCT_LTCH PCT_PFTCH
-----
          30.19    16.53    12.03

DB#SORT
TOTAL_SORTS SORT_OVERFLOWS SORT_SHRHEAP_ALLOCATED TOTAL_HSJN HSJN_OVFL
-----
          246           0           48273          133          118

SQL#TOPEXECT
AVG_COORD_EXEC_TIME PCT_WAIT_TIME  STMT_TEXT
-----
          8360.45          30.00 /*STMTWATCHER
    
```

```

SQL#TOPWAITT
PCT_WAIT PCT_LTCH PCT_PFTCH STMT_TEXT
-----
          30.00    16.42    11.99 /*STMTWATCHER

SQL#TOPIOSTA
AVG_D_PRD    AVG_TD_PRD  STMT_TEXT
-----
          1.3      8755.6 /*STMTWATCHER

SQL#TOPROWS
AVG_ROWS_MOD  AVG_ROWS_READ  AVG_ROWS_RET  STMT_TEXT
-----
          13270.4    3713282.4      2.0 /*STMTWATCHER

TSP#DSKIO
TBSP_NAME          NUM_READS          NUM_WRITES
-----
TEMPSPACE1          2504690          1373270
XTS16K              145876           0
    
```





# Change\_1\_Sortheap: Analysis cont.

## TBL#ROWMC

TABNAME ROWS\_READ OBJ\_DATA\_P\_RDS

```
-----
T2      316054742      2
T3      77825650      149
```

## BPL#STATS

TBSP\_NAME DATA\_P\_READS SYNC\_DATA\_P\_READS DATA\_HR DATA\_LBP\_HR

```
-----
XTS16K      145876      2907  99.88  99.88
TEMPSPACE1  2504690      977527  77.68  77.68
```

## TSP#BPMAP

TBSP\_NAME BPNAME

```
-----
TEMPSPACE1  IBMDEFAULTBP
XTS16K      XBP16K
```

## BPL#SIZES

BP\_NAME SIZE\_MB AUTOMATIC

```
-----
IBMDEFAULTBP  89.11  1
XBP16K      15.62  0
```

## BPL#RDASYNC/BPL#WRITE

BP\_NAME POOL\_ASYNC\_DATA\_READS POOL\_ASYNC\_READ\_TIME AVG\_ASYNC\_READ\_TIME POOL\_DATA\_WRITES

```
-----
IBMDEFAULTBP  1548260  6745  0.00  1366521
XBP16K      142660  23115  0.16  -
```

## LTC#WAITT

LATCH\_NAME TOT\_EXT\_LATCH\_WAIT\_TIME\_MS TOT\_EXT\_LATCH\_WAITS TIME\_PER\_LATCH\_WAIT\_MS

```
-----
SQLO_LT_SQLB_BP_AREA_INFO_pageArea__clockLatch  176023  89709  1.96
SQLO_LT_SQLB_BPD__bpdLatch_SX  19705  16503  1.19
SQLO_LT_SQLB_HASH_BUCKET_GROUP_HEADER__groupLatch  10368  1532  6.76
SQLO_LT_SQLB_DIRTY_LIST_SET__appendLatch  1586  704  2.25
SQLO_LT_SQLB_HATELIST_SET__hateLatch  1209  693  1.74
SQLO_LT_SQLB_DIRTY_LIST_SET__walkLatch  881  355  2.48
SQLO_LT_SQLD_TCB__datExist  559  129  4.33
```





# Change\_1\_Sortheap: Access Plan Review

```

TBL#ROWMC
TABNAME ROWS_READ OBJ_DATA_P_RDS
-----
T2      316054742      2
T3      77825650     149

SQL#TOPROWS → 9420.exfmt.txt
AVG_ROWS_MOD  AVG_ROWS_READ  AVG_ROWS_RET  STMT_TEXT
-----
          13270.4      3713282.4      2.0 /*STMTWATCHER
    
```

```

120000
FILTER
( 7)
155505
NA
|
3e+06
>HSJOIN
( 8)
155379
NA
/-----+-----\
3e+06      700000
TBSCAN      TBSCAN
( 9)      ( 10)
15417      2507.18
NA      NA
|      |
3e+06      700000
TABLE: DB2INST1  TABLE: DB2INST1
T2      T3
Q2      Q1
    
```

```

8) HSJOIN: (Hash Join)
Predicates:
-----
6) Predicate used in Join,
Filter Factor: 0.5

Predicate Text:
-----
(Q1.EXP_DATE = Q2.EXP_DATE)

7) Predicate used in Join,
Filter Factor: 3.33333e-07

Predicate Text:
-----
(Q1.MBR_ID = Q2.MBR_ID)

7) FILTER: (Filter)
Predicates:
-----
3) Residual Predicate,
Filter Factor: 0.04

Predicate Text:
-----
(COALESCE(Q3.$C2, Q3.$C6) = ?)
    
```

# Change\_1\_Sortheap: Access Plan Review cont.

8) **HSJOIN**: (Hash Join)

Predicates:

-----

6) Predicate used in Join,

Filter Factor: 0.5

Predicate Text:

-----

(Q1.EXP\_DATE = Q2.EXP\_DATE)

7) Predicate used in Join,

Filter Factor: 3.33333e-07

Predicate Text:

-----

(Q1.MBR\_ID = Q2.MBR\_ID)

7) **FILTER**: (Filter)

Predicates:

-----

3) Residual Predicate,

Filter Factor: 0.04

Predicate Text:

-----

(COALESCE(Q3.\$C2, Q3.\$C6) = ?)

Optimized Statement:

```
.  
(SELECT  
  Q2.IS_ON,  
  Q2.PHONENO,  
  Q2.PRODUCER_ID,  
  Q2.IND,  
  Q2.EXP_DATE,  
  Q2.MBR_ID,  
  Q1.PRODUCER_ID  
FROM  
  DB2INST1.T3 AS Q1  
  RIGHT OUTER JOIN DB2INST1.T2 AS Q2  
  ON Q1.EXP_DATE = Q2.EXP_DATE AND  
     Q1.MBR_ID = Q2.MBR_ID  
) AS Q3,  
DB2INST1.T1 AS Q4  
WHERE Q4.IS_ON = TRUE AND  
COALESCE(Q3.$C2, Q3.$C6) = ? AND  
Q3.IND = COALESCE(Q4.IND, '') AND  
VARCHAR(Q3.IND, 1) = COALESCE(Q4.IND, '')  
.
```

Original Statement:

```
SELECT *  
FROM  
(SELECT T2.*,  
        T3.PRODUCER_ID AS PID  
FROM T1 T1, T2 T2  
LEFT OUTER JOIN T3 T3  
  ON T3.MBR_ID = T2.MBR_ID  
  AND T3.EXP_DATE = T2.EXP_DATE  
WHERE T1.IS_ON = 1  
  AND T2.IND = COALESCE(T1.IND, '')) AS T1  
ORDER BY T2.EXP_DATE, T3.PRODUCER_ID, T2.PRODUCER_ID  
WHERE COALESCE(T1.PRODUCER_ID, T1.PID) = ?  
ORDER BY 1, 2
```

# Change\_2: Query Rewrite

REWRITE:

`(COALESCE(T1.PRODUCER_ID, T1.PID) = ?)` → `T1.PRODUCER_ID = ? OR (T1.PRODUCER_ID IS NULL AND T1.PID = ?)`

Similarly,

`(T2.IND = COALESCE(T1.IND, ''))` → `(T2.IND = T1.IND OR (T1.IND IS NULL AND T2.IND = ''))`

Original SQL:

```
SELECT *
FROM
(SELECT T2.*, T3.PRODUCER_ID AS PID
FROM T1 T1, T2 T2
LEFT OUTER JOIN T3 T3
ON T3.MBR_ID = T2.MBR_ID
AND T3.EXP_DATE = T2.EXP_DATE
WHERE T1.IS_ON = 1
AND T2.IND = COALESCE(T1.IND, '')
ORDER BY T2.EXP_DATE, T3.PRODUCER_ID, T2.PRODUCER_ID
) AS T1
WHERE COALESCE(T1.PRODUCER_ID, T1.PID) = ?
ORDER BY 1, 2
```



Rewrite:

```
SELECT *
FROM
(SELECT T2.*, T3.PRODUCER_ID AS PID
FROM T1 T1, T2 T2
LEFT OUTER JOIN T3 T3
ON T3.MBR_ID = T2.MBR_ID
AND T3.EXP_DATE = T2.EXP_DATE
WHERE T1.IS_ON = 1
AND (T2.IND = T1.IND OR (T1.IND IS NULL AND T2.IND = ''))
) AS T1
WHERE T1.PRODUCER_ID = ? OR (T1.PRODUCER_ID IS NULL AND T1.PID = ?)
ORDER BY 1, 2
```







# Change\_3: Create Index

**CREATE INDEX X1T2 ON T2 (PRODUCER\_ID)**

```
db2inst1@IBM-PW03R8VZ:~/CCDUG$ java stmtwatcher
SQL: /*STMTWATCHER-2024-03-08-18.52.01.110*/ select * from (select t2.*, T3.PRODUCER_ID as PID from t1 t1, t2 t2 LEFT OUTER JOIN t3 t3 ON t3.MBR_ID = T2.MBR_ID and T3.EXP_DATE = T2.EXP_DATE where t1.IS_ON = 1 AND (t2.IND = t1.IND OR (t1.IND IS NULL AND t2.IND = '')) ) as T1 where (T1.PRODUCER_ID IS NULL AND T1.PID = ? ) OR T1.PRODUCER_ID = ? ORDER BY 1, 2 ;
num of parameters = 2
param[0]: PRODUCER_ID1001047
param[1]: PRODUCER_ID1001047
Number of threads = 30
Serial execution time 17 milliseconds
Plan id = 4496458349625396799

db2 "call explain_from_section(x'0100000000000005400000000000000000000000020020240308185201321794', 'M', null, -1, '', '?', '?', '?', '?')"; db2exfmt -d CCDUG -1 > STMTWATCHER-2024-03-08-18.52.01.110.exfmt
```

msec	#execs	#ltchwaits	ltchwaittime	Cord_msec/exec	Act_msec/exec	waittm/exec	%processing
5	1	0	0	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.000
5006	3354	44	5	0.098	0.098	0.015	98.476
5006	489055	16199	5997	0.086	0.086	0.143	85.727
5004	516978	18556	6167	0.084	0.084	0.142	85.849
5005	396729	14938	7039	0.112	0.112	0.158	84.162
5009	505602	16415	5545	0.086	0.086	0.127	87.262

```

Rows
RETURN
( 1)
Cost
I/O
|
2.3453e-06
NLJOIN
( 2)
78.9663
11.4666
-----
6.67132e-07 3.5155
TBSCAN TBSCAN
( 3) ( 15)
72.0771 6.88926
10.4666 1
|
6.67132e-07 13
SORT TABLE: DB2INST1
( 4) T1
72.077 Q1
10.4666
|
6.67132e-07
FILTER
( 5)
72.0769
10.4666
|
3
>NLJOIN
( 6)
72.0767
10.4666
-----
2 0.233333
FETCH FETCH
( 7) ( 13)
41.3184 15.3802
5.99993 2.23333
-----
2 3e+06 0.233333 700000
RIDSCN TABLE: DB2INST1 IXSCAN TABLE: DB2INST1
( 8) T2 ( 14) T3
27.5474 Q3 13.7735 Q3
-----
4 2
|
1 1 700000
SORT SORT INDEX: DB2INST1
( 9) ( 11) XT3
13.7737 13.7737 Q2
2 2
|
1 1
IXSCAN IXSCAN
( 10) ( 12)
13.7736 13.7736
2 2
|
3e+06 3e+06
INDEX: DB2INST1 INDEX: DB2INST1
X1T2 X1T2
Q3 Q3

```

10) IXSCAN: (Index Scan)

Predicates:

-----

16) Start Key Predicate,  
Filter Factor: 3.33333e-07  
Predicate Text:

-----

Q3.PRODUCER\_ID IS NULL

16) Stop Key Predicate,  
Filter Factor: 3.33333e-07  
Predicate Text:

-----

Q3.PRODUCER\_ID IS NULL

12) IXSCAN: (Index Scan)

Predicates:

-----

17) Start Key Predicate,  
Filter Factor: 3.33333e-07  
Predicate Text:

-----

(Q3.PRODUCER\_ID = ?)

17) Stop Key Predicate,  
Filter Factor: 3.33333e-07  
Predicate Text:

-----

(Q3.PRODUCER\_ID = ?)



# Resources

1. DB2MON - <https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/db2/11.5?topic=tuning-collecting-reporting-performance-monitor-data>
2. EXPLAIN\_FROM\_SECTION - <https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/db2/11.5?topic=gcsei-example-investigating-query-performance-using-explain-information-obtained-from-section>
3. DB2PD - <https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/db2/11.5?topic=commands-db2pd-monitor-troubleshoot-db2-engine-activities>
4. DMCTOP - <https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/db2-data-mgr-console/3.1.x?topic=monitoring-utility-dmctop>
5. Monitoring and troubleshooting using db2pd - <https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/db2/11.5?topic=tools-db2pd>
6. Bufferpool Latch Contention - <https://www.ibm.com/support/pages/identifying-bufferpool-latch-contention>

